

Part A : Seen (20 Marks)

Read the text and answer questions 1 and 2.

[Unit-6; Lesson-9(C & F)]

The Tha Kha floating market is more traditional with a few tourists visiting than other floating markets. Originally, the Tha Kha floating market used to sit only six or seven days a month depending on the phase of the moon. Nowadays, the trade takes place on Fridays, Saturdays and Sundays too. The main buyers here are the Tha Kha natives. People seem to know each other very well. Everyone was seen smiling and calling each other by name. The locals did not notice Mita and others much. They were all busy buying and selling.

They passed an hour and a half at the market and enjoyed the business. Then all of them were hungry. They rowed near the boat of an elderly woman, who was selling food. She welcomed them with a smile and showed them the foods. They bought the traditional and very popular food called 'Pad Thai', a kind of noodles with shrimps, tomato and some vegetables, with freshly roasted crushed peanut. The food was served in a bowl made from banana leaf. After Pad Thai, they ate 'Kanom Krok'. It is a coconut pancake which is very sweet.

The Tha Kha people are simple and easy going. They are very friendly and polite. They do not understand English or any other language. Yet they have a way to communicate with Mita and others. Mita was delighted to see a traditional Thai floating market. She took a lot of pictures with the elderly sellers.

বঙ্গবন্ধু-এর জন্ম : See Exclusive Final Suggestions—Seen Passage No. 17; Page No. 58

1. Choose the best answer from the alternative.

1×7=7

(a) Floating mean —.

- (i) interim (ii) shifting (iii) going (iv) traditional

(b) Which word is antonym of the word "friendly"?

- (i) Antagonistic (ii) Amicable (iii) Rivalry (iv) Hostile

(c) Which one is the synonym of the word "depend"?

- (i) Deduce (ii) Act (iii) Rely on (iv) Rent

(d) What is the parts of speech of the word "Crushed"?

- (i) Noun (ii) Pronoun (iii) Adjective (iv) Adverb

(e) They spent — seconds at the market.

- (i) 5400 (ii) 3600 (iii) 7200 (iv) 420

(f) How are the Tha Kha people?

- (i) Rude (ii) Stubborn (iii) Amicable (iv) Hostile

(g) The market — them.

- (i) saddened (ii) frustrated (iii) delighted (iv) disappointed

2. Answer the following questions.

2×4=8

- (a) Why is the Tha Kha floating market traditional?
(b) Why do you think people at the floating market know each other so well?
(c) What does the phrase "easy going" mean?
(d) What is "Kanom Krok"?

3. Fill in the gaps with appropriate words.

1×5=5

The ethnic people are an integral (a) — of our country. They are mainly (b) — in farming. They are of different castes, (c) — and religions. They maintain their (d) — by their cultivation. Most of them (e) — their own mother tongue.

Part B : Unseen (25 Marks)

Read the following text and answer questions 4 and 5.

Architect Syed Mainul Hossain, the designer of our National Memorial, was born in 1951. He obtained his graduation in architecture from BUET in 1976. He made a number of designs for various structures. But the design of the National Memorial is the best of all his creations. Mainul's design for the Memorial was selected from amongst 57 submissions in the national project's design in 1978. The National Memorial at Savar is composed of seven isosceles triangular plans varying in size, light and base. The main monument of the memorial is 150 feet tall. The memorial symbolizes the valour and sacrifice of those who died fighting for Liberation War. It also symbolizes the rise of Bangladesh from beneath the ground. The seven isosceles of the memorial stand for the seven Birshreshthas and the seven remarkable movements from 1952 till the 1971 Liberation War. They are : The Language Movement in 1952, the election of United Front in 1954, the Constitutional Movement in 1956, the Education Movement in 1962, the Six-point Movement in 1966, the Mass Movement in 1969 and the Liberation War in 1971. The worthy son passed away on 10 November 2014.

বঙ্গবন্ধু আমাদের জাতীয় স্মৃতিসৌধের নকশাবিদ স্বপতি সৈয়দ মইনুল হোসেন ১৯৫১ সালে জন্মগ্রহণ করেন। তিনি ১৯৭৬ সালে বুয়েট থেকে স্থাপত্যবিদ্যার স্নাতক ডিগ্রি নেন। তিনি নানান ভবনের বেশ কিছু নকশা করেন। কিন্তু তাঁর সৃষ্টির মধ্যে জাতীয় স্মৃতিসৌধের নকশা সর্বোত্তম। ১৯৭৮ সালে জাতীয় প্রকল্পের নকশা হিসেবে উপস্থাপিত ৫৭টি নকশার মধ্যে মইনুলের নকশাটি জাতীয় স্মৃতিসৌধের নকশা নির্বাচিত হয়। সাতারস্ব জাতীয় স্মৃতিসৌধ সাতটি সমবিবাহু ত্রিভুজাকৃতির পরিকল্পনায় তৈরি যা সাইজ, আলো ও ডিঙের দিক দিয়ে ভিন্ন। স্মৃতিসৌধের মূল স্তম্ভটি ১৫০ ফুট লম্বা। স্মৃতিসৌধটি মুক্তি যুদ্ধে যারা মারা গেছেন তাঁদের সাহস ও আত্মত্যাগের প্রতীক। এটি জুমির নিচ থেকে বাংলাদেশের উদ্বোধনের প্রতীক। স্মৃতিসৌধের সাতটি সমবিবাহু দিয়ে সাত জন বীরশ্রেষ্ঠ এবং ১৯৫২ থেকে ১৯৭১ সালের মুক্তি যুদ্ধ থেকে বাংলাদেশের উদ্বোধনের প্রতীক। স্মৃতিসৌধের সাতটি সমবিবাহু দিয়ে সাত জন বীরশ্রেষ্ঠ এবং ১৯৫২ থেকে ১৯৭১ সালের মুক্তি যুদ্ধ থেকে বাংলাদেশের উদ্বোধনের প্রতীক। স্মৃতিসৌধের সাতটি সমবিবাহু দিয়ে সাত জন বীরশ্রেষ্ঠ এবং ১৯৫২ থেকে ১৯৭১ সালের মুক্তি যুদ্ধ থেকে বাংলাদেশের উদ্বোধনের প্রতীক। স্মৃতিসৌধের সাতটি সমবিবাহু দিয়ে সাত জন বীরশ্রেষ্ঠ এবং ১৯৫২ থেকে ১৯৭১ সালের মুক্তি যুদ্ধ থেকে বাংলাদেশের উদ্বোধনের প্রতীক।

4. Complete the table below with information from the passage.

1x5=5

Syed Mainul Hossain					
His aim	to make a number of designs for various (i)				
His life time	from 1951 to 2014				
Who/What	Event	When	Where	Subject	Specially
Syed Mainul Hossain	obtained his graduation	(ii)	(iii)	Architecture	
(iv)		in 1952			
Mainul's design for the Memorial	was selected		in national project's design	(v)	from amongst 57 sub missions

5. True or False. If false, give the correct information.

1x5=5

- (a) Syed Mainul Hossain was an engineer.
(b) The National Memorial is in Dhaka district.
(c) The main monument of the memorial is 160 feet high.
(d) The election of United Front was in 1964.
(e) He died on 20 November 2014

6. Fill in the gaps using clues from the box. There are more words than necessary.

.5x10=5

conduct	binds	certain	wild	times	would
like	they	vanish	little	become	with

It is neighbourly feeling that (a) — society together in very older (b) — however, people did not think (c) — this. They were then savages (d) — better than beasts and fought (e) — one another. But gradually men (f) — civilized. They saw that if (g) — behaved in this way, society (h) — be destroyed. So, they made (i) — rules to properly guide their (j) — Today the situation is totally changed.

7. Fill in the gaps with appropriate words.

1x5=5

Freedom does not descend upon a (a) —. It has to be achieved by (b) — nation. Independence is not merely a (c) — flag. Political independence is meaningless (d) — there is no economic independence. Without (e) — independence, political independence is meaningless.

8. The Phrases in column A are the beginning of some sentences. The phrases in column B are the endings. Match the phrases in column A with the phrases in column B to make complete sentences.

1x5=5

Column A	Column B
(a) Introverts and extroverts are	(i) don't like talking too much
(b) They are quite	(ii) outgoing noisy and dominating in nature
(c) Introverts are shy and they	(iii) to remain lonely
(d) In contrast, extroverts are usually	(iv) two particular types of personality
(e) Unlike the introverts, they don't like	(v) opposite in nature

Part C : Grammar (25 Marks)

9. Read the text below and fill in the gaps with the root words in the brackets adding suitable suffix, prefix or both. .5×10=5

A farmer had a (a) — (wonder) goose. She laid a (b) — (gold) egg everyday. The farmer sold the eggs in the market and maintained his family very well. But he was a very (c) — (greed) person. He wanted to have all the eggs at a time. He wanted to become rich (d) — (night). He could not check his (e) — (temp) and cut down the belly of the goose with a knife. (f) — (Fortunate) he found no eggs inside it. His (g) — (sad) knew no bounds. He became (h) — (repent) for his foolishness. He realize that (i) — (excess) greed leads to (j) — (destroy).

10. Fill in the gaps in the following text with appropriate articles (a, an or the). Put a cross (x) where no articles is needed. .5×10=5

Sincerity is (a) — great virtue. A sincere man works properly and get (b) — desired result. (c) — rich work sincerely and succeed in making (d) — anything a success. (e) — great people are also sincere to their work. They know (f) — importance of sincerity. As (g) — poor are insincere to their duties, they always lag behind and suffer, only to perform a task properly is not (h) — sincerity. The people of our (i) — country are not aware of its importance. So, they should be aware of (j) — importance of sincerity.

11. Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets. 1×5=5

- (a) Honesty is a great virtue. (Exclamatory)
- (b) An honest man is respected by all. (Active)
- (c) My brother is an honest man. (Negative)
- (d) Honesty will always be rewarded. (Make it interrogative)
- (e) So, we should be honest in our life. (Make it Negative)

12. Rewrite the following passage changing the form of speech. 5

Once I asked a sweet little girl, "What is your mother's name?" She replied cleverly, "I know my mother's name but I won't tell you that" I said, "What a clever girl you are!" "I do not tell my mother's name to anybody whom I do not know," she spoke with an air of confidence.

13. Use capital letters and punctuation marks as needed in the following passage. .5×10=5

will you go to school today the mother said to her son no mother our classes are suspended then go to market and bring some vegetables let me be ready and give me money

Part D : Writing (30 Marks)

14. Suppose, You want to open a bank account. Write a dialogue between you and the bank manager about the way of opening a bank account. 10
15. Write an email to your friend thanking him and other members of his family for their hospitality. 10
16. Write a paragraph of 150 words on "Load-shedding." Your writing should address the following questions. 10

(a) What is load-shedding? (b) Why does it occur? (c) How does it harm our national development? (e) What kind of effect does it have on our education? (e) How can we solve this problem?