

Part A : Seen (20 Marks)

Read the following text carefully and answer the questions no. 1 and 2.

[Unit-6; Lesson-6(C)]

Oxygen and the air pressure are always being monitored. In the event of a lack of oxygen, an oxygen mask will automatically appear in front of you. Pull the mask towards you and place it firmly over your nose and mouth. Secure the elastic band behind your head, and breathe normally. If you are travelling with a child or someone who requires assistance, secure your mask first, and then assist the other person. Keep your mask on until a uniformed crew member advises you to remove it. In the event of an emergency, please assume the bracing position. That is, lean forward with your hands on top of your head and your elbows against your thighs. Ensure your feet are flat on the floor.

A life vest is located in a pouch under your seat or between the armrests. When instructed to do so, open the plastic pouch and remove the vest. Slip it over your head. Pass the straps around your waist and adjust at the front. To inflate the vest, pull firmly on the red cord, before you leave the aircraft. We remind you that this is a non-smoking flight. You will find this and all the other safety information in the card located in the seat pocket in front of you. We strongly suggest you read it before take-off. If you have any questions, please don't hesitate to ask one of our crew members. We wish you all an enjoyable flight.

বসন্তাব্দ-এর জন্য : See Exclusive Final Suggestions—Seen Passage No. 16; Page No. 56

1. Choose the correct answer to each question from the alternatives and write the corresponding number of the answers in your answer script.

1×7=7

- (i) The word 'monitored' in line 1 means —.
- (a) pay a heed (b) give an assistance
(c) keep in mind (d) keep an eye on
- (ii) What happens where there is a shortage of oxygen?
- (a) A mask appears (b) A crew comes
(c) An elastic band appears (d) A life vest appears
- (iii) During an emergency, the passengers are requested to assume the bracing position. Here bracing means —.
- (a) steady (b) soft (c) flexible (d) harsh
- (iv) Smoking is — in the flight.
- (a) permitted (b) allowed (c) forbidden (d) discouraged
- (v) What does the phrase 'take-off' mean?
- (a) Take something in hand
(b) Remove something
(c) The moment when a passenger takes his seat
(d) The moment when an aircraft leaves the ground
- (vi) Safety information card is kept —.
- (a) in the seat pocket (b) on the seat
(c) in the plastic pouch (d) between the armrests
- (vii) Which of the followings is a true statement?
- (a) Oxygen and the air pressure are sometimes inspected
(b) Secure yourself first and then secure other
(c) A life vest is located in the seat pocket
(d) Crew members are ignorant about safety in information

2. Answer the following questions from your reading of the above text.

2×4=8

- (a) What happens when there is a scarcity of oxygen in the flight?
 (b) What are the passengers requested to do in the event of an emergency?
 (c) How is an oxygen mask used?
 (d) What is strongly suggested to do before take-off?

3. Read the following text and fill in the gaps with appropriate words to make it a meaningful one.

1×5=5

A life vest is located in a pouch under your seat or between the armrests. When (a) — to do so, open the plastic pouch and (b) — the vest. Slip it over your head. Pass the straps around your waist and (c) — at the front. To (d) — the vest, pull firmly on the red (e) —, before you leave the aircraft. We remind you that this is a non-smoking flight.

Part B : Unseen (25 Marks)

Read the following text and answer questions 4 and 5.

In 1757, Sirajuddaula was defeated in the Battle of Plassey and consequently the British established their rule in India. After 190 years, India and Pakistan came into being as independent states. During this long period of time, lots of movements went on. In 1763, Mir Kashim tried to bring back freedom but failed. In 1765, Robert Clive became the Governor of Bengal for the second time and directly made arrangements to be ruler of Bengal. After seven years, Warren Hastings became the Governor of Bengal and made the Nawab powerless. In 1786, Lord Cornwallis was appointed Governor of Bengal. He tried to make settlement of land with the Zaminders. In 1773, Bengal fully went under British rule through Regulating Act in the British Parliament. Then many Governors came to India and brought the whole subcontinent under their rule. In 1857, the Great Sepoy Mutiny took place but ended in smoke. In 1858, the British

Government took the administration of India directly. At this, the Muslims and the Hindus realized that they had to proceed on a planned way to achieve independence. Following the way, in 1885 Indian National Congress was formed. On December 31, 1906 All India Muslim League was formed. Since then both the parties jointly marched for independence.

বঙ্গবন্দ ১৭৫৭ সালে সিরাজ-উদ-দৌলা পরাশীর যুদ্ধে পরাজিত হন; ফলে, ব্রিটিশরা ভারতে তাদের শাসন কায়েম করে। ১৯০ বছর পরে স্বাধীন রাষ্ট্র হিসেবে ভারত এবং পাকিস্তান আবির্ভূত হয়। এই দীর্ঘ সময়ের মধ্যে অনেক আন্দোলন চলতে থাকে। ১৭৬৩ সালে শীর্ষ কাসিম স্বাধীনতা ফিরিয়ে আনার চেষ্টা করেন, কিন্তু ব্যর্থ হন। ১৭৬৫ সালে রবার্ট ক্লাইভ দ্বিতীয় বারের মতো বঙ্গদেশের গভর্নর হন এবং সরাসরি বঙ্গদেশের শাসনকর্তা হওয়ার ব্যবস্থা করেন। সাত বছর পর ওয়ারেন হেস্টিংসে বঙ্গদেশের গভর্নর হন এবং নওয়াবকে ক্ষমতাহীন করেন। ১৭৬৬ সালে সর্ভ কর্নওয়ালিশ বঙ্গদেশের গভর্নর নিয়োজিত হন। তিনি জমিদারদিগকে ভূমির বন্দোবস্ত দেওয়ার চেষ্টা করেন। ১৭৭৩ সালে ব্রিটিশ পার্লামেন্টের রেজালুটিং আর্ডারের মাধ্যমে বঙ্গদেশ সম্পূর্ণরূপে ব্রিটিশ শাসনাধীনে চলে যায়। এরপর ভারতে অনেক গভর্নরের আগমন ঘটে- তারা সমগ্র উপমহাদেশকে তাদের শাসনাধীনে আনেন। ১৮৫৭ সালে মহান সিপাহি বিদ্রোহ সংঘটিত হয়, কিন্তু তা ব্যর্থতার পর্ববসিত হয়। ১৮৫৮ সালে ব্রিটিশ সরকার প্রত্যক্ষভাবে ভারতের শাসনভার গ্রহণ করে। এতে মুসলমানগণ এবং হিন্দুগণ উপলব্ধি করেন যে, স্বাধীনতা অর্জনের জন্য তাদেরকে অবশ্যই একটি পরিকল্পিত পন্থায় অগ্রসর হতে হবে। সে পন্থার অনুসরণে ১৮৮৫ সালে ইন্ডিয়ান ন্যাশনাল কংগ্রেস গঠিত হয়। ১৯০৬ সালের ৩১ শে ডিসেম্বর সর্ব ভারতীয় মুসলিম লীগ গঠিত হয়। তখন থেকে উভয় দলই বৌদ্ধভাবে স্বাধীনতার জন্য অগ্রসর হতে থাকে।

4. Complete the grid below with appropriate information.

1x5=5

Who/What	Work/Position	Time
The Battle of Plassey		(i)
The British	established their dynasty in India	(ii)
(iii)	tried for freedom	in 1763
Robert Clive	(iv)	in 1765
Warren Hastings	Governor	(v)

5. Read the passage again and write, whether the statements are true or false. Give correct answer, if the statement is false.

1x5=5

- Lots of movements occurred during the British rule in India.
- The Nawab was made powerless during the reign of Warren Hastings.
- Complete British rule came in India after 1773.
- The British Govt. began to rule India directly from 1857.
- Indian National Congress was formed to fight for independence.

6. Read the text below and fill in the gaps using the clues given in the boxes. There are more words than necessary. One word can be used once only.

5x10=5

whole	it	result	help	countries	technology
one	wise	because	with	the	communication

English is an international language. As a (a) —, the necessity of English has increased. Different (b) — have to keep mutual communication among them. (c) — importance of learning English is very great. (d) — it helps us develop a good relationship (e) — other nations. In this modern era of (f) —, it is not possible to advance without (g) —. English has become the language of the (h) — world. Almost all books in science and (i) — have been written and translated into English. (j) — cannot think of higher studies without the knowledge of English.

7. Read the text below and fill in the gaps using suitable words to make it a meaningful text.

1x5=5

Truthfulness is a great (a) — which helps a person shine in life. A truthful person is loved and (b) — by all. He leads a peaceful life. On the other hand, none believes a (c) —. A person may be (d) — by telling lies but it is short-lived. A person who tells lies (e) — in the long run. So, all of us should try to be truthful in our life to lead a happy life.

8. Match the part of sentences from columns 'A' and 'B' to make five complete sentences.

1x5=5

Column A	Column B
(i) Frustration is the cause	(a) not only a national but also a global problem
(ii) Drugs kill the addicts	(b) effect on human body
(iii) Drugs bear a terrible	(c) slowly but surely
(iv) Addiction means	(d) of drug addiction
(v) Drug addiction is	(e) strong attraction for harmful things

Part C : Grammar (25 Marks)

9. Read the text below and fill in the gaps with the root words in the brackets adding suitable suffix, prefix or both.

5x10=5

Mobile phone is a (a) — (wonder) — gift for us. It is a recent (b) — (invent) — of modern science. It has become an (c) — (avoid) — part of our life. (d) — (doubt) — mobile phone is now a part and parcel of (e) — (day) — life and affair. Nowadays, there is (f) — (hard) — any person who does not use mobile phone for essential (g) — (communicate) —. Our time and energy are (h) — (large) — saved by the use of mobile phone. But (i) — (proper) — use of this device (j) — (particular) — by the young generation may have negative effects on our society.

10. Fill in the gaps in the following text with appropriate articles (a, an or the). Put a cross (x) where no article is used.

5x10=5

(a) — industrious man is always crowned with success. If we turn (b) — pages of (c) — history, we find (d) — same message. Thus, we see that (e) — industry is (f) — must to attain (g) — success. Those who are not industrious, cannot go (h) — long way. This is why, (i) — industrious are respected in (j) — every society.

11. **Change the following sentences as directed in the brackets.** 1×5=5
- (a) Books are the greatest friends in a man's life. (Negative)
 - (b) Books introduce us to the realm of knowledge. (Passive)
 - (c) The books of great writers contain noble thoughts and great ideas. (Interrogative)
 - (d) What an important role books play in our life! (Assertive)
 - (e) We cannot build up a developed society without reading books. (Affirmative)

12. **Rewrite the following passage changing the form of speech.** 5
- "Have you ever been to Cox's Bazar?" asked Shamim. "No, I have never been there," replied Labib. "But I long for visiting the place." "I had an opportunity to visit the seabeach last year," said Shamim. "Let us go there the next week," Labib said.

13. **Use capital letters and punctuation marks as needed in the following passage.** .5×10=5
- i cant have any nest in the palace i love to live in the green wood i fly around to the poor fishermen to the peasants huts to the people who live far away from the palace replied the nightingale

Part D : Writing (30 Marks)

14. **Suppose, you are Rakib and your friend is Zamil who does not take regular exercise. Now, write a dialogue between you and your friend about the importance of physical exercise.** 10
15. **Write an email to your friend thanking him for his hospitality.** 10
16. **Write a paragraph of 250 words on 'A Road Accident'. Your writing should address the following questions.** 10
- (a) How did the accident take place? (b) Who was/were the victim/victims? (c) What are the main causes of road accident? (d) What is your feeling? (e) What should we do to protect it?